EGISLATIVE RESOURCE CENTER EMPLOYEE POST-TRAVEL DISCLOSURE FORM

This form is for disclosing the receipt of travel expenses from private sources for travel taken in connection with official duties. This form does not eliminate the need to report privately-funded travel on the annual Financial Disclosure Statements of those employees required to file them In accordance with House Rule 25, clause 5, you was a supply of the control of must complete this form and file it with the Clerk of the House, B-106 Cannon House Office Building, within 15 days after travel is completed. Please do not file this form with the Committee on Ethics.

> NOTE: Willful or knowing misrepresentations on this form may be subject to criminal prosecution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 8 1001.

	subject to examine prosecution parsume to 10 easier § 1001.
1.	Name of Traveler: Lillie Coners
2.	a. Name of accompanying relative:
	b. Relationship to Traveler: Spouse Child Other (specify):
3.	a. Dates of departure and return: Departure: 1/21/14 Return: 1/26/14  b. Dates at personal expense (if any): 1/26/14 or None □
4.	Departure city: Washington & Destination: Buryel Belsum Return city: Washington &
5. 6.	Sponsor(s) (who paid for the trip): Law, Science Technology & Society Reserved, Vije Universited Brusse/ Describe meetings and events attended: Conserve on International Cuta
	protection law, power & technology
7.	Attached to this form are EACH of the following (signify that each item is attached by checking the corresponding box):
	a. a completed Sponsor Post-TravelDisclosure Form;
	<ul> <li>b. If the Primary Trip Sponsor Form completed by the trip sponsor prior to the trip, including all attachments and Grantmaking or Non-Grantmaking Sponsor Forms;</li> </ul>
	c. page 2 of the completed Traveler Form submitted by the employee; and
	<ol> <li>d. If the letter from the Committee on Ethics approving my participation on this trip.</li> </ol>
8.	<ul> <li>a. I represent that I participated in each of the activities reflected in the attached sponsor's agenda. (Signify that statement is true by checking box): □</li> <li>b. If not, explain: There were concerned family. I allered to the activities reflected in the attached sponsor's agenda.</li> </ul>
	panels + presentations on the days of the conference held in minus fathernoon, ertify that the information contained on this form is true, complete, and correct to the best of my owledge.
SIG	GNATURE OF TRAVELER: July Conic DATE: 1/28/14
Spen	suthorized this travel in advance. I have determined that all of the expenses listed on the attached onsor Post-Travel Disclosure form were necessary and that the travel was in connection with the up byee's official duties and would not create the appearance that the employee is using public office private gain.
NA	AME OF SUPERVISING MEMBER: Date: 2/3/14
SIG	GNATURE OF SUPERVISING MEMBER: Mula Muser Ju
Ver	sion date 2/2013 by Committee on Ethics

_			
-	Original	lmend	ment

### SPONSOR POST-TRAVEL DISCLOSURE FORM

This form must be completed by an officer of any organization that served as the primary trip sponsor in providing travel expenses or reimbursement for travel expenses to House Members, officers, or employees under House Rule 25, clause 5. A completed copy of the form must be provided to each House Member, officer, or employee who participated on the trip within 10 days of their return. You must answer all questions, and check all boxes, on this form for your submission to comply with House rules and the Committee's travel regulations. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in the denial of future requests to sponsor trips and/or subject the current traveler to disciplinary action or a requirement to repay the trip expenses.

> NOTE: Willful or knowing misrepresentations on this form may be subject to criminal prosecution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1001.

Date of Departu	ion(s): Brussels	3				
	Date of Departure: 21 01 2014 Date of Return: 26 01 2014					
Name(s) of Tra	veler(s): Lillie C					
			form only if all	information is identical for each person listed.)		
Actual amount	Actual amount of expenses paid on behalf of, or reimbursed to, each individual named in response to Question 4:					
	Total Transportation Expenses	Total Lodging Expenses	Total Meal Expenses	Other Expenses (dollar amount per item and description)		
Traveler	730.74 EURO	350,85 EURC	N/A	N/A		
Accompanying Relative	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A		
			costs incurred	and not a per diem or lump sum payment. (Sig		
statement is true certify that the Signature:		ained in this form	is true, comple	ete, and correct to the best of my knowledge.		
certify that the		2	is true, comple			
Signature: A	information conta	rakel		ete, and correct to the best of my knowledge.  Title: MS		
Signature: Rosa Organization:	information conta Republication Imunde van Br LSTS-Vrije Un	akel niversiteit Brus	ssel			
Signature: Rosa Organization: I am an officer	information conta Republication Imunde van Br LSTS-Vrije Un	akel niversiteit Brus ned organization	ssel (signify staten	Title: Ms		
Signature: Rosa Name: Rosa Organization: I am an officer Address: Plei	information contains a large l	rakel niversiteit Brus ned organization Brussels, Bel	ssel (signify staten	Title: Ms		

If you have questions regarding your completion of this form, please contact the Committee on Ethics at (202) 225-7103.

Version date 2/2013 by Committee on Ethics

# TRAVELER FORM

1.	Name of Traveler: Lillie Coney
2.	Sponsor(s) (who will be paying for the trip): Law, Science, Technoliogy and
	Society Research Corpup, Vrije Universitest Brussel
3.	Traveldestination(s): Brussels Belgium
	a. Date of departure 1/21/14  b. Will you be extending the trip at your personal expense? Wes at No  If yes, dates at personal expense: 1/25/14
5.	<ul> <li>a. Willyou be accompanied by a relative at the sponsor's expense?</li></ul>
	(2) Relationship to traveller: □ Spouse □ Child □ Other (specify):
	(3) Accompanying relative is at least 18 years of age:   Yes No
6.	<ul> <li>a. Did the trip sponsor answer "yes" to Question 9(d) on the Primary Trip Sponsor Form (i.e., travel is sponsored by an entity that employs a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agent and you are requesting lodging for two nights)?</li></ul>
7.	Primary Trip Sponsor Form is attached, including agenda, invitee list, and any other attachments and contributing sponsor forms:   Yes  No NOTE: The agenda should show the traveler's individual schedule, including departure and arrival times and identify the specific events in which the traveler will be participating.
8.	Explain why participation in the trip is connected to the traveler's individual official or representational duties. Staff should include their job title and how the activities on the it inerary relate to their duties.
	I am her Steeling Director to Ken. Tacksonles a senior manufacy of la three Committee
9.	on Homeland Security. My policy responsibilities are expenseurly, privary, impovation and surveillance technologies with about on issessing the implications to is the traveler aware of any registered federal lobbyists or foreign agents involved in planning, organizing, requesting, and/or arranging the imp? I ves No
10.	FOR STAFF TRAVELERS: TO BE COMPLETED BY YOUR EMPLOYING MEMBER:
	ADVANCED AUTHORIZATION OF EMPLOYEE TRAVEL
	I hereby authorize the individual named above, an employee of the U.S. House of Representatives who works under my direct supervision, to accept expenses for the trip described in this request. I have determined that the above-described travel is in connection with my employee's official duties and that acceptance of these expenses will not create the appearance that the employee is using public office for private gain.
	Date: 12/5/13 Meila Jacken Lee
	Signature Temp bying Member

### PRIMARY TRIP SPONSOR FORM

This form should be completed by private entities offering to provide travel or reimbursement for travel to House Members, officers, or employees under House Rule 25, clause 5. A completed copy of the form (and any attachments) should be provided to each invited House Member, officer, or employee, who will then forward it to the Committee together with a Traveler Form at least 30 days before the start date of the trip. The trip sponsor should NOT submit the form directly to the Committee. The Committee Web site (ethics.house.gov) provides detailed instructions for filling out the form.

NOTE: Willful or knowing misrepresentations on this form may be subject to criminal prosecution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1001. Failure to comply with the Committee's Travel Regulations may also lead to the denial of permission to sponsor future trips.

Law, Science, Technology & Society Research Group, Vrije Universiteit Brussel  I represent that the trip will not be financed (in whole or in part) by a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agen					
(signify that the statement is true by checking box):					
<ul> <li>Check only one: I represent that:</li> <li>a. the primary trip sponsor has not accepted from any other source funds intended directly or indirectly to finance any aspect of the trip</li></ul>					
Provide names and titles of ALL House Members and employees you are inviting. For each House invitee, provide an explanation of why the individual was invited (include additional pages if necessary):					
Ms Lillie Coney					
s travel being offered to an accompanying relative of the House invitee(s)?					
Date of departure: 22 January 2014 Date of return: 26 January 2014					
. City of departure: Washington DC					
Destination(s): Brussels					
. City of return: Washington DC					
represent that (check one of the following):					
. The sponsor of the trip is an institution of higher education within the meaning of section 101 of the Higher Education Act of 1965: $\square$ or					
The sponsor of the trip does not retain or employ a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agent: $extbf{=} extbf{o}  extbf{e}$ . The sponsor employs or retains a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agent, but the trip is for attendance at a one-day event and lobbyist/foreign agent involvement in planning, organizing, requesting, or arranging the trip was de minimis under the Committee's travel regulations. $extbf{\Box}$					
Check one of the following:					
. I checked 8(a) or (b) above:					
. I checked 8(c) above but am not offering any lodging:					
. I checked 8(c) above and am offering lodging and meals for one night: $\square \underline{or}$					
I checked 8(c) above and am offering lodging and meals for two nights:   If "d" is checked, explain why the second night of lodging is warranted:					

10.	<ol> <li>Attached is a detailed agenda of the activities the House invitees will be participating in during the travel (i.e. an hourly description of planned activities for trip invitees) (indicate agenda is attached by checking box):</li> </ol>						
11.	Check one:  a. I represent that a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agent will not accompany House Members or employees on any segment of the trip (signify that the statement is true by checking box): ■ or  b. N/A − trip sponsor is a U.S. institution of higher education. □						
12.	2. For <u>each</u> sponsor required to submit a sponsor form, describe the sponsor's interest in the subject matter of the trip <u>and</u> its role in organizing and/or conducting the trip:  The research group LSTS of the Vrije Universiteit Brussel is the main organiser of the Computers, Privacy & Data Protection Conference 2014 in Brussels. Ms Lillie Coney is a highly respected privacy expert and the scientific committee would appreciate her to be involved in the conference.						
13.	Answer parts a and b. Answer part c if necessary.  a. Mode of travel: Air Rail Bus Car Other (Specify:)  b. Class of travel: Coach Business First Charter Other (Specify:)  c. If travel will be first class or by chartered or private aircraft, explain why such travel is warranted:						
	I represent that the expenditures related to local area travel during the trip will be unrelated to personal or recreational activities of the invitee(s). (signify that the statement is true by checking box):  I represent that either (check one of the following):  a. The trip involves an event that is arranged or organized without regard to congressional participation and that meals provided to congressional participants are similar to those provided to or purchased by other event attendees:  b. The trip involves events that are arranged specifically with regard to congressional participation:  If "b" is checked:  1) Detail the cost per day of meals (approximate cost may be provided):						
	Provide reason for selecting the location of the event or trip:						
16.	Name, nightly cost, and reasons for selecting each hotel or other lodging facility:  Hotel name: Hotel Bloom City: Brussels Cost per night: 116,95 euro  Reason(s) for selecting: This is the hotel that the conference has a special deal with.						
	Hotel name: City: Cost per night:						
	Reason(s) for selecting:						
	Hotel name: City: Cost per night:						
	Reason(s) for selecting:						

17. I represent that all expenses connected to the trip will be for actual costs incurred and not a per diem or lump sum payment. (signify that the statement is true by checking box):

### 18. TOTAL EXPENSES FOR EACH PARTICIPANT:

☐ actual amounts ☐ good faith estimates	Total Transportation Expenses per Participant	Total Lodging Expenses per Participant	Total Meal Expenses per Participant
For each Member, Officer, or employee	1000 euro	467,80 euro	N/A
For each accompanying relative	N/A	N/A	N/A

, F	Other Expenses (dollar amount per item)	Identify Specific Nature of "Other" Expenses (e.g., taxi, parking, registration fee, etc.)
For each Member, Officer, or employee	20 euro	local transport
For each accompanying relative	N/A	N/A

NOTE: Willful or knowing misrepresentations on this form may be subject to criminal prosecution pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1001.

19			ne:

- a. I certify that I am an officer of the organization listed below.
- b. N/A sponsor is an individual or a U.S. institution of higher education. □
- 20. I certify that I am not a registered federal lobbyist or foreign agent for any sponsor of this trip.
- I certify by my signature that the information contained in this form is true, complete, and correct to the best of my knowledge.

Signature: RevBrate

Name: Rosamunde van Brakel

Title: MS

ution: LSTS - Vrije Universiteit Brussel

Address: Pleinlaan 2, 1050 Brussels, Belgium

Telephone number: +32 494646607

Email address: rvbrakel@vub.ac.be

If there are any questions regarding this form please contact the Committee at the following address:

Committee on Ethics U.S. House of Representatives 1015 Longworth House Office Building Washington, DC 20515 (202) 225-7103 (phone) (202) 225-7392 (general fax)

Version date 4 2013 by Committee on Ethics

K. Michael Conaway, Texas Chairman Linda T. Sánchez, California Ranking Member

Charles W. Dent, Pennsylvania Patrick Meehan, Pennsylvania Trey Gowdy, South Carolina Susan W. Brooks, Indiana

Pedro R. Pierluisi, Puerto Rico Michael E. Capuano, Massachusetts Yvette D. Clarke, New York Ted Deutch, Florida



### ONE HUNDRED THIRTEENTH CONGRESS

# U.S. House of Representatives

COMMITTEE ON ETHICS

January 2, 2014

Thomas A. Rust Interim Staff Director and Chief Counsel

> Joanne White Administrative Staff Director

Jackie M. Barber Counsel to the Chairman

Daniel J. Taylor Counsel to the Ranking Member

1015 Longworth House Office Building Washington, D.C. 20515–6328 Telephone: (202) 225–7103 Facsimile: (202) 225–7392

Ms. Lillie Coney Office of the Honorable Sheila Jackson Lee 2160 Rayburn House Office Building Washington, DC 20515

Dear Ms. Coney:

Pursuant to House Rule 25, clause 5(d)(2), the Committee on Ethics hereby approves your proposed trip to Belgium, scheduled for January 21 to 26, 2014, sponsored by the Research Group on Law, Science, Technology and Society at Vrije Universiteit Brussel. We note that this trip includes one day at your personal expense.

You must complete an Employee Post-Travel Disclosure Form (which your employing Member must also sign) and file it, together with a Sponsor Post-Travel Disclosure Form completed by the trip sponsor, with the Clerk of the House within 15 days after your return from travel. As part of that filing, you are also required to attach a copy of this letter and both the Traveler and Primary Trip Sponsor Forms (including attachments) you previously submitted to the Committee in seeking pre-approval for this trip. If you are required to file an annual Financial Disclosure Statement, you must also report all travel expenses totaling more than \$350 from a single source on the "Travel" schedule of that statement.

Because the trip may involve meetings with foreign government representatives, we note that House employees may accept, under the Foreign Gifts and Decorations Act (FGDA), gifts of "minimal value" tendered as a souvenir or mark of courtesy" by a foreign government. Any tangible gifts valued in excess of minimal value received from a foreign government must, within 60 days of acceptance, be disclosed on a Form for Disclosing Gifts from Foreign Governments and either turned over to the Clerk of the House, or, with the written approval of the Committee, retained for official use.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> "Minimal value" for FGDA purposes is currently \$350. However, the amount is recalculated every three years and most likely will slightly increase as of January 1, 2014.

If you have any further questions, please contact the Committee's Office of Advice and Education at extension 5-7103.

Sincerely,

K. Michael Conaway Chairman Linda T. Sánchez Ranking Member

KMC/LTS:jls



### Draft 5.12.2013

Preliminary Programme - Disclaimer Please note that this is a preliminary version of the program which is still in its early stages. Accordingly, some panels may change or be rescheduled.

# Day 1 - WEDNESDAY 22ND JANUARY 2014

08.15 - Welcome coffee in venue Le Village

Grande Halle

08.30 - INTRODUCTION TO THE FIRST DAY BY PAUL DE HERT

08.45 - PRIVACY BY DESIGN: THE TRANSITION FROM CONCEPT TO ESSENTIAL COMPONENT OF DATA PROTECTION COMPLIANCE organised by the Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner Ontario, Canada

The momentum behind Privacy by Design (PbD) has been growing over the past several years. PbD was not developed as a theoretical concept of data protection, but meant to be a practical approach for implementation. We are now at the stage where market leaders and regulators are demonstrating ways to translate the principles of PbD into more prescriptive requirements, specifications, standards, best practices, and operational performance criteria. The participants on this panel will discuss the work being done to give concrete, meaningful operational effect to the principles of Privacy by Design.

- · Overview of PbD where it started, how it has progressed, and where it is heading
  - Compliance aspects of PbD how PbD can help your organization optimize compliance with the new EU data protection regulation
  - Business impact of PbD how PbD can help your organization fulfill its business objectives
  - Challenges in implementing PbD what they are, why they exist, and how your organization can address them
  - Operationalizing PbD -- recommendations, practical advice, and tools for your organization

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Monique Altheim, The Law Office of Monique Altheim (US) (tbc)

### Panellists:

\*Ann Cavoukian/Michelle Chibba, Office of the Information and Privacy Commissioner of Ontario (CA)

\*Alexander Dix, Berlin Privacy & Data Protection Commissioner (DE)

\*Joan Antokol, Park Legal LLC (CA)

\*Antonio Kung, Trialog (FR)

\*Andre Delaforge, Natural Security (FR)

10.00 Coffee break

10.30 - EU DATA PROTECTION REFORM: STATE OF PLAY organised by CPDP

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Simon Davies, Privacy Surgeon (tbc)

Panellists:

\*Jan Philipp Albrecht, Member of the European Parliament (EU)(tbc)

\*Axel Voss, Member of the European Parliament (EU)(tbc)

### 11:45 - EU DATA PROTECTION REFORM: FIXING THE FINAL BUGS organised by CPDP

Chair: Marie-Hélène Boulanger DG Justice

Moderator: Paul De Hert, VUB-University of Tilburg (BE/NL) (tbc)

#### Panellists:

\*Hielke Hijmans, European Data Protection Supervisor (EU)

\*Christopher Kuner, Wilson, Sonsini, Goodrich & Rosati (BE)

\*Mario Oetheimer, Fundamental Rights Agency (EU)

\*tbc

13.00 - lunch break

13:30 - PRIVACY PLATFORM - TOPIC TBD organised by Sophie in 't Veld (MEP) (TBD)

Panellists: : tbd

15.15 - coffee break

# 15.30 - INTERNET GOVERNANCE FOR PRIVACY EXPERT BEGINNERS organised by the Council of Europe

The panel will discuss the relationship between internet governance and privacy. The following topics will be discussed

- What is Internet governance (definition, issues at stake, actors, objectives)?
  - Where is it happening (universal, regional, and national initiatives)?
  - How can it impact, and what can it bring, to privacy?
  - What are the links between internet governance discussions and privacy?
  - What is the added-value of the participation of privacy experts in those discussions?

Chair: Lee Bygrave, University of Oslo (NO)

Moderator: Ben Wagner, University of Pennsylvania (US)

### Panellists:

\*Pat Walshe, Groupe Spéciale Mobile Association (UK)

\*Christine Runnegar, Internet Society (CH) (tbc)

\*Meryem Marzouki, Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (FR)

\*Sophie Kwasny, Council of Europe (FR)

# 16.45 FROM PRIVACY PROFESSIONAL TO PRIVACY FOR PROFESSIONALS: EXPANDING PRIVACY BEYOND THE OFFICE OF THE CPO organised by the International Association of Privacy Professionals

Most large and medium size organisations, in business and government, recognise the importance of establishing a privacy office to take charge of data protection and management. Yet, increasingly, privacy needs transcend the privacy office and become an essential part of the skill set of HR professionals, IT and data security personnel and financial managers. This means that privacy training has become essential not only for privacy professionals but also for employees in other parts of the organisation.

- Exploration of what this new scale of engagement means for a privacy association
  - Consideration of the essential elements of a privacy programme for non-privacy professionals
  - · Identification of the likely effects for individuals' and consumers' privacy.

Chair: Henriette Tielemans, Covington & Burling (BE)

<sup>\*</sup>Representative of the European Commission

Moderator: Rita di Antonio, International Association of Privacy Professionals (IT)

#### Panellists::

\*Omer Tene, International Association of Privacy Professionals (IL)

\*Vivienne Artz, Citi (UK)

\*Simon Hania, TomTom (NL)

\*Representative from Nokia (tbd)

### 18.00 - Cocktail sponsored by the International Association of Privacy Professionals

#### Petite Halle

# 08.45 THE SINGLE MARKET FOR TELECOMMUNICATIONS IN EUROPE: A GROWTH AGENDA? organised by CPDP

Chair: Rocco Bellanova, Université St Louis/Peace Research Institute Oslo (BE/NO)

Moderator: Frances Robinson, Wall Street Journal (US)

#### Panellists:

\*Andrea Renda, CEPS (BE) (tbc)

\*Reinhilde Veugeleurs, Bruegel (BE) (tbc)

\*Peter Olson, Ericsson (BE) (tbc)

\*Representative from AT&T

\*Constantijn Van Oranje-Nassau, EC (EU) (tbc)

# 10.00 START: SESSION ON IMPACT ASSESSMENTS: INTERFACING NORMATIVE AND EMPIRICAL APPROACHES with welcome address organised by TUBerlin, SIAM project and EPINET project

This full day session focuses on the need for, and the practice of, Technology Impact Assessments (TIAs) with regard to novel technologies such as those used in security measures and grid applications. An increasing demand to include perspectives on the wider changes of the socio-political fabric of our societies creates a particular tension between normative and empirical approaches.

### 10.15 LEGAL AND NON-LEGAL IMPACT ASSESSMENTS: AN ECOLOGY OF PRACTICES

This panel focuses on presenting rather than discussing, aiming to flesh out the interactions between legal and non-legal TIAs. These interactions will be approached through the notion of an ecology of practices. As a point of departure we look at the proposal for a legal obligation to perform a Data Protection Impact Assessment (DPIA). This obligation will be relevant for security technologies and measures and for smart grid technologies.

How will the practice of a legal DPIA differ from ethical, social science, economic and other assessment practices? How do various types of TIA interact within the process of performing a legally imposed DPIA? What is the role of law in assessing and regulating smart grid and security technologies? What should be the role of risk assessments, ethics and the social sciences especially in relation to these legal assessments? Although all such assessment practices have different objectives and operate from different perspectives, legal normativity differs in the ways its findings are backed up by enforcement.

Chair: Mireille Hildebrandt, Erasmus University Rotterdam/University of Nijmegen/Vrije Universiteit Brussel, (NL/BE)

Moderator: Leon Hempel, Technische Universität Berlin (DE)

### Panellists:

\*Serge Gutwirth, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

\*Niels van Dijk, Vrije Universiteit Brussel, (BE)

\*Roger Clarke, Australian National University (AU)

\*Mireille Hildebrandt, Erasmus University Rotterdam/University of Nijmegen/Vrije Universiteit Brussel, (NL/BE)

### 11.45- ROUND TABLE ON NORMATIVE AND EMPIRICAL PERSPECTIVES ON TIA

This panel aims to focus on discussion rather than presentation. Questions raised here shall have an "explorative" character rather than pursuing a well-established academic debate. The panel will confront the issues of legal and technological normativity, participatory social research and ethical standards. How can TIA approaches on the legal, technical as well as on the socio-organisational level, go hand in hand to address common regulative paradoxes between legal norms and socio-technical practices?

Chair: Mireille Hildebrandt, Erasmus University Rotterdam/University of Nijmegen/Vrije Universiteit Brussel, (NL/BE)

Moderator: Leon Hempel, Technische Universität Berlin (DE)

#### Panellists:

- \*lan Brown, Oxford Internet Institute (UK)
- \*Julie Cohen, George Washington University (USA) (tbc)
- \*Roger Clarke, Australian National University (AU)
- \*Paul de Hert, Vrije Universiteit Brussel/Tilburg University (BE/NL)
- \*Alexander Dix, Berlin Commissioner for Data Protection and Freedom of Information (DE)
- \*Kristrun Gunnarsdottir, Lancaster University (UK)
- \*Darius Kloza, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)
- \*Sarah Spiekerman, Vienna University of Economics and Business (AT)
- \*René von Schomberg, EC DG Research & Innovation (EU)
- \*Charles Raab, University of Edinburgh (UK)
- \*Brian Wynne, Lancaster University (UK)

#### 13.30 LUNCH

### 14.00 FROM THEORY TO PRACTICE: INTEGRATED TIAS AND COMPUTATIONAL SUPPORT

This session will turn the perspective from theory to practice. We will first demonstrate a method for the "concretisation of legal requirements" (KORA) as an instrument to design and evaluate security technologies and measures. Second, we will demonstrate a participatory assessment tool that has been developed within the SIAM FP7 project, and, third, some of the first findings will be shown through the integrated technology assessments developed within the EPINET FR7 project. This session will engage with the issues discussed during the previous sessions and show how assessment criteria can be interfaced with an ICT Assessment System and how legal conditions can be interfaced with engineering requirements. This demonstration will finally be discussed from the perspective of an integrated TIA to detect added value, missing links and to other issues of future research.

Chair: Mireille Hildebrandt, Erasmus University Rotterdam/University of Nijmegen/Vrije Universiteit Brussel, (NL/BE)

Moderator: Leon Hempel, Technische Universität Berlin (DE)

### Panellists:

- \*Leon Hempel/ Hans Lammerant, Technische Universität Berlin/Vrije Universiteit Brussel (DE/BE)
- \*Christian Geminn, Universität Kassel (DE)
- \*Ronald Grau/ Graeme Jones, Kingston University London (UK)
- \*Kjetil Rommetveit, University of Bergen (NO)

# 15.30 PERSONAL DATA IN MEDICAL RESEARCH WITH ELECTRONIC HEALTH RECORDS organised by Linked2Safety

Electronic Health Records (EHRs) contain an increasing wealth of medical information. They have the potential to help significantly in advancing medical research, as well as improve health policies, providing society with additional benefits. However, the European healthcare information space is fragmented due to the lack of legal and technical standards, cost effective platforms, and sustainable business models. Linked2Safety is a next-generation, semantically-interlinked, secure medical and clinical information space for the enlarged Europe, to provide homogenized access to distributed EHRs, leverage the reuse of EHRs in clinical research and support sound decision making towards the effective organization and execution of clinical trials. But what are the current technical, legal and ethical challenges when trying to advance clinical practice and accelerate medical research by providing pharmaceutical companies, healthcare

professionals and patients with an innovative secure semantic interoperability framework? And how might the proposed Data Protection Regulation influence high level medical information technology research?

Chair: Solvita Olsena, European Association of Health Law (LV)

Moderator: Sjaak Nouwt, Legal Advisor, Royal Dutch Medical Association (NL) (tbc)

#### Panellists

\*Stefaan Callens, Centre for Biomedical Ethics and Law, KU Leuven (BE) (tbc)

\*Athos Antoniades University of Cyprus (CY) (tbc)

\*Panagiotis Gkouvas, Ubitech (GR) (tbc)

\*Norbert Graf, University Hospital Homburg (DE) (tbc)

\*Per Johansson, Office of the European Data Protection Supervisor (EU)

# 16.45 - WEARABLE SENSORS: LINKING INDIVIDUAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH AND MAKING THEM VISIBLE organised by the Joint Research Centre of the European Commission

Wearable sensors have been used for several years to measure and monitor some personal fitness and health indicators, from heartbeats to blood pressure, to glycaemic levels. Combined with social networks, they have gone beyond these isolated functionalities. Not only are they instruments for people to connect and help themselves with, but also powerful tools to complement health data stored by public and private organizations, especially in genomics.

Much activity in this sector is encouraged by the creation of communities exchanging data and experiences. These activities can improve life quality and capacity for informed choices by empowering individual control towards health and the environment. However, they can also be relevant for public health and epidemiological research. Wearable sensors are of interest to many actors in the public and private sectors, increasingly looking at measuring the total individual exposure related to environmental conditions, lifestyle and food choices, as a necessary complement to genetic factors. While in web-based initiatives individual data have been mostly provided through subjective accounts (e.g. descriptions of disease symptoms), wearable sensors can now systematically supply numbers and trends, thresholds, and predictions for indicators deemed relevant to assert one's health. How individually supplied data may become more comparable, reliable, and validated - both by standardizing different tools and by making users more knowledgeable and skilled— is one of the (many) scientific and technical challenges raised by these new trends. How is quality of data currently ensured and assessed? Moreover, when data are collected and used, privacy and other values need to be discussed. Which ethical and legal issues are at stake here? When people upload their physical and behavioural results, what concerns do they have? As the controversial, people who feel empowered and more in control of their data, are eager to be less concerned about privacy. How community experiences in controlling means (e.g. through DIY technologies) and goals of health initiatives may reduce the request for privacy (as the case of DTC, Direct-To-Consumer, tests has shown)? Are human agency (as capacity for autonomous decisions, control, and engagement) and trust (towards scientists and communities) becoming more relevant than privacy? And, are wearable sensors enhancing or hindering them? The panel explores some scientific and normative challenges of these technologies for individual and public health applications. By presenting approaches and case studies in a comparative perspective, the invited speakers, from the private and public sectors, from the US and the EU, will provide the scenarios of an impending era of crowd-sourced health.

Chair: Angela Pereira, European Commission, JRC – Institute for the Protection and Security of the Citizen Joint Research Centre Officer (EU)

Moderator: Mario Romao, Intel Europe (BE)

### Panellists:

\*Barbara Prainsack, King's College London (UK)

\*Anne Wright, Carnegie Mellon University (USA)

\*Annibale Biggeri, Università degli studi di Firenze (IT)

### La Cave

8.45 - PRIVACY AND MISSING PERSONS FOLLOWING DISASTERS organised by Fordham University

When an earthquake, hurricane or other natural disaster strikes, government agencies, humanitarian organisations, private companies and others, collect information about missing persons to share with friends and relatives and in order to provide emergency services. The privacy and data protection problems presented by these efforts are significant. Locals, tourists, business travelers, students, immigrants, refugees, and others from many countries may be affected and will face various privacy risks. Transborder data flow restrictions may affect emergency efforts. Existing rules and guidance may not be flexible, clear, or timely enough to allow data controllers to address the data sharing needs. For example, notice and consent mechanisms may be impossible to implement and the 2011 Mexico City Declaration of the International Conference of Privacy and Data Protection Commissioners called for action on these issues. In the meantime, the Missing Persons Community of Interest, a group of volunteers, companies, non-profits and humanitarian organizations, is well-underway in the development of a set of technical protocols to enable information sharing across different data systems. A 2013 report sponsored by Fordham Law School and the Woodrow Wilson Center analyzed the privacy issues presented by natural disasters and offered options and strategies for various organizations that play a role in missing persons activities and in privacy regulation (http://papers.ssrn.com/sol3/papers.cfm?abstract\_id=2229610). Building on this policy report, the panel will address issues and strategies for privacy and data protection related to information sharing for missing persons systems following natural disasters.

Chair: Joel Reidenberg, Princeton/Fordham (US)

Moderator: Robert Gellman, Independent Privacy Expert (US)

#### Panellists:

\*Tim Schwartz, Missing Persons Community of Interest (US)

\*Romain Bircher, International Committee for the Red Cross (CH)

\*Christopher Mikkelson, Refugee United (US)

\*Hiroshi Miyashita, Chuo University (JP)

\*Nigel Snoad, Google (US)

10.00 coffee break

10.30 - PRIVACY AND NETWORK INFORMATION SECURITY IN EDUCATION organised by European Union Agency for Network and Information Security

The users of online services are expressing serious privacy concerns even though recent studies indicate that these concerns are not reflected in their daily practice online. Such a discrepancy could be addressed by investing in the education of users regarding personal data protection. In its "Cyber security Strategy of the European Union: An Open, Safe and Secure Cyberspace" the European CommissionU highlights the need for measures in order to "Step up national efforts on NIS education and training" including enhanced skills and competence for IT security and personal data protection. The objective is to establish trust –from the users' perspective – in the online environment. During the last 3 years ENISA has explored ways in which educators can get full use out of information technologies while promoting and providing NIS education. Stakeholders are invited to participate in the discussion and focus their attention on education and training initiatives, future challenges and on collaborative solutions.

- Training on network and information security (NIS) and personal data protection
- · Existing and possible certification programs: the NIS driving licence, privacy professionals certification
- · NIS and data protection basic training for staff working in public administrations
- · Privacy e-learning solutions
- · What's next? Is the above enough?

Chair: Claudia Diaz, KULeuven (BE) (tbc) Moderator: Steve Purser, ENISA (EU)

### Panellists:

\*Nicole Dewandre European Commission DG Connect (EU)

\*François Thill, Luxemburg Ministry of the Economy and Foreign Trade (LUX)

\*Trevor Hughes, International Association of Privacy Professionals (US)

\*Simone Fischer-Hübner, Karlstadt University (SE)

\*Kai Rannenberg, Goethe University Frankfurt (DE)

\*Fiona Fanning, European Computer Driving Licence (BE)

### 11.45 - DATA PROTECTION IN INDIA organised by CPDP

Chair: Kush Wadwha, Trilateral Research (UK)

Moderator: tbd

Panellists: :

\*Kamlesh Bajaj, DSCI (IN) (tbc)

\*Raman Chema, Google India (IN) or Ankhi Das, Facebook, (IN) (tbc)

\*Sarah Jane King, EC DG Justice (EU) (tbc)

\*Rahoel Mathan Trilegal (IN) (tbc)

13.00 - lunch break

14.00 - WAYS TO A FUTURE PROOF AND GLOBALLY INTEROPERABLE EUROPEAN PRIVACY FRAMEWORK organised by CNIL & CPDP (tbc)

Chair: tbd

Moderator: tbd

Panellists: tbd

15.15 - coffee break

### 15.30 - PRIVACY IN MOBILITY AND LOCATION DATA organised by the ENFORCE Project

We are currently experiencing an explosion in the volume of data that are created by moving objects and their users. Location information is registered either explicitly, by users of location based social networks, or implicitly by GPS trackers on vehicles and RFID tags on moving objects. Often, this data can also be inferred by specific actions, like credit card charges in physical stores and usage of RFID cards in mass transit systems. The widespread availability of RFID chips and developments in wireless communications have resulted in a digitized environment where user and object movement very often leave a digital trace. While, on one hand, location information constitutes valuable information, on the other hand it often poses a threat to the privacy of users – whose location is monitored or recorded. The disclosure of a user's position to third parties is a violation of user privacy by per se, but this is just the tip of the iceberg: Automatic reasoning about location data can reveal a user's habits, home and work addresses, political or sexual orientation and much more. The challenge is how to make it possible to collect and use location data, and to deploy all related services, while safeguarding the human right to privacy and without violating legal norms on data protection.

Chair: Sergio Mascetti, University of Milan (IT)

Moderator: Anna Monreale, University of Pisa (IT)

### Panellists: :

\*Annarita Ricci, University of Bologna (IT)

\*Manolis Terrovitis, Athena (GR)

\*Jeroen van den Hoven, Delft University of Technology (NL)

\*Cédric Burton, Wilson Sonsini Goodrich & Rosati (BE)

### 16.45 - ETHICAL STARTUPS organised by LSEC

Chair: Ulrich Seldeslachts, LSEC (BE)

Moderator: tbd

Panellists: : tbd

20.20 - 22:20 PECHA KUCHA

#### Maison des Arts

### 8.45 - LAW ENFORCEMENT, PROFILING AND SOCIAL MEDIA organised EMSOC

Chair: Mathias Vermeulen, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

Moderator: Gary Marx, MIT (US)

Panellists::

\*Ahmed Ghappour, The University of Texas (US)

\*Jamie Bartlett, Demos (UK)

\*Representative from the EDPS (EU) (tbd)

10.00 coffee break

### 10.30 - HACKERS: DEFENDERS OR ENEMIES OF PRIVACY? organised by CPDP

Hackers are known to highly value privacy. The German hacker association, Chaos Computer Club, expressly includes respect for and protection of other people's private data among the tenets of their hacker ethics. There is an obvious incongruity then for hackers to be portrayed as one of the biggest threats to privacy and data protection today. One security industry report even states that hacktivists were responsible for 58% of all data breaches in 2011. This panel brings together people from within and outside the hacker community to discuss the relationship between hacker ethics and privacy. Specifically, the panel delves into the following themes and issues:

- How do different actors understand and frame "hacking," "hacker," and "hacktivism"?
- Does the idea of a "hacker ethic" still offer a fruitful perspective for differentiating and evaluating different types of "hacking"?
- How to address the tensions between privacy and other hacker values such as transparency, freedom of access, and openness?
- What are the legal and social implications of the hacker motto "privacy for the weak, transparency for the powerful" on privacy and data protection laws, technology regulation, and governance of the networked society?

Chair: Michael Nagenborg, University of Twente (NL)

Moderator: Michael Dizon, University of Tilburg (NL)

### Panellists: :

\*Tim Jordan, Kings College London (UK)

\*Bert-Jaap Koops, University of Tilburg (NL)

\*Saskia Sell, Freie Universitaet Berlin (DE)

\*representative from law enforcement

\*representative from the hacker community

### 11:45 - RESILIENCE TO SURVEILLANCE organised by the IRISS project

Online Surveillance has become a pervasive element of modern societies. Analyses of the effects of surveillance frequently focus on privacy infringements from a legal perspective: What are citizens' rights to privacy and how are they affected by surveillance? This panel will broaden the focus and take the citizens' perspective into account by looking at surveillance from below.

The contributions will present a number of case studies demonstrating how laypersons react to surveillance, how they perceive surveillance measures and how surveillance is integrated into their daily lives. Different forms of resilience towards surveillance and their adverse events will be discussed and presented to demonstrate resilient reactions of a rather mundane kind.

The panel will address the following issues:

 To what extent can resilience against surveillance be applied as an analytical framework to better understand the inner workings of a surveillance society? How do citizens understand surveillance? How do they use it for their own purpose?

 What forms of resilience can emerge at the level of the ordinary citizens? Are fatalism and ignorance forms of resilience?

Chair: Reinhard Kreissl, IRKS (AT)

Moderator: Ben Hayes, Statewatch (UK)

#### Panellists:

\*Minas Samatas, University of Crete (GR)

\*Kirstie Ball, Open University (UK)

\*Pete Fussey, University of Essex (UK)

\*Hille Koskela, University of Turku (FI)

# 14.00 - ACCES RIGHTS: REGAINING CONTROL OVER PERSONAL DATA organised by IRISS and CPDP

In the information age data can be processed swiftly and at a large scale – perfectly suited for surveillance purposes. The recent PRISM scandal gives us a clue as to how our personal data could be, and actually are, processed regardless of the data subject's rights and interests. Although the right of access to personal data is considered as ancillary within ARCO rights, it represents – for the data subject – the first step in gaining effective control over his data. After having given a visual representation of the impact of data leaks and of their consequences, the panel will address the question of how data subjects exercise access rights. While doing so, it will identify the main obstacles and limitations towards the practical operationalisation of this right.

The following questions will be addressed:

How much of our personal data do we give away online/offline every day?

- How can data subjects have access to data that concern themselves and so exercise their access rights?
- What are the main limitations and difficulties towards the operationalization of this right?
- How do data controllers engage in ensuring citizens' access to their data?
- How can we strengthen access rights?

Chair: Antonella Galetta, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

Moderator: Xavier L'hoiry, University of Sheffield (UK)

### Panellists::

\*Rejo Zenger, Bits of Freedom (NL)

\*Bernhard Rieder, University of Amsterdam (NL)

\*representative of a private company (tbd)

\*Steve Wood, UK Information Commisioner's Office (UK)

15.15 coffee break

15.30 - ACADEMIC/PHD SESSIONS (PAPER COMMENTARY AND DEBATE FORMAT)

16.45 - ACADEMIC/PHD SESSIONS until 18.30

20.20 - SIDE EVENT ON CITIZEN SPIES & SPY COPS

# Day 2 - THURSDAY 23RD JANUARY 2014

Grande Halle

08.45 – TO CONSENT, OR NOT TO CONSENT? organised by the Institut National de Recherche en Informatique et en Automatique (INRIA)

This panel seeks to contribute to the discussion about the "informed consent" requirement in the context of the recent Proposal for a General Data Protection Regulation. By formulating a new definition of consent and imposing new obligations on data controllers, the Proposal has been subject to many criticisms. The legitimating force of consent itself has been seriously questioned in the face of recent technological developments and the emergence of new social practices that seem to undermine the very capacity or even the will of individuals to "self-manage" their informational privacy. The objective of this panel is, on the one hand, to revisit and refine the understanding of consent and individual autonomy in the context of contemporary technological environments. On the other hand, it aims at discussing the pragmatic issues related to the conditions for a valid consent and at identifying the means to provide individuals with greater transparency, choice and control over their personal data.

- What are the theoretical foundations of the "philosophy of consent"?
- What are the normative tensions? (paternalism v. freedom, formalism v. substantialism, commodification v. inalienability, individual v. collective consent)
- What are the cognitive, structural and contextual limits of the "informed consent" rules?
- How should these rules be articulated with other principles embedded in the proposal?

Chair: Daniel Le Métayer, Institut National de Recherche en Informatique et en Automatique (FR)

Moderator: Serge Gutwirth, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

#### Panellists: :

\*Christophe Lazaro, Institut National de Recherche en Informatique et en Automatique (FR)

\*Maurizio Borghi, Bournemouth University (UK)

\*Roger Brownsword, Kings College London (UK)

\* Jane Kaye, University of Oxford (UK)

10:15 - coffee break

10:30 - THE RIGHT TO BE FORGOTTEN: ARE WE FORGETTING SOMETHING? organised by Tilburg Institute for Law, Technology and Society (TILT), Pl.Lab

Retaining information indefinitely seems to become the default on the web. Some personal information, however, loses its relevance over time and people also may want to have certain information 'forgotten'. The 'Right to Be Forgotten or Erasure' (R2BF), article 17 of the proposed General Data Protection Regulation in Europe aims to provide individuals with a means to have parts of their digital 'past' erased. Individual interests are not the only ones at stake; online information can also have a historical, scientific or public value. The R2BF acknowledges these interests, but gives relatively few hints – if any – of a vision on the value and importance of information within the frame of the passing of time. This panel addresses this issue by providing different views on the manner in which the concept of 'time' can or should play a role with regard to information accessible on the Web.

- How can a "right to be forgotten" deal with the value of information in the light of the passing of time?
- Which interests are at stake?
- What kind of guidelines can we use?
- How should we balance the interests at stake?

Chair: Paulan Korenhof, University of Tilburg (NL)

Moderator: Ronald Leenes, University of Tilburg (NL)

### Panellists::

\*Meg Leta Ambrose, Georgetown University (US)

\*Ivan Szekely, Eotvos Karoly Policy Institute (HU)

\*Giovanni Sartor, European University Institute (IT)

\*Jay Stanley, ACLU (US)

11.45 - DATA PROTECTION AUTHORITIES: THEIR ROLE AND EXPERIENCE IN ENFORCEMENT organised by CPDP with the participation of PHAEDRA

This is the third of a series of annual panels on the roles of DPAs. Previous panels looked at the independence of DPAs and their co-operative and collaborative relationships. This year, the panel will

focus on the role and experience of DPAs in regulatory enforcement, in the light of the renewed urgency that data controllers comply with data protection laws or else face stringent penalties.

- · How have DPAs performed this role?
- · What are the constraints and opportunities?
- How have data controllers complied with the decisions and regulations of DPAs?
- . How will enforcement be likely to change in the light of the new EU Regulation?

Chair: Charles Raab, University of Edinburgh (UK)

Moderator: Ivan Szekely, Eotvos Karoly Policy Institute (HU)

#### Panellists:

\*Billy Hawkes, Data Protection Commissioner Ireland (IR)

\*Eva Souhrada-Kirchmayer, formerly Austrian DPA (AT)

\*Robert Gellman, Privacy and Information Policy Consultant (US)

\*Sophie Louveaux, EDPS (EU)

13.00 - lunch break

# 14.00 - PRIVACY AND ONLINE BEHAVIOURAL ADVERTISING: HOW TO COMPLY? organised by CPDP (tbd)

This panel will address Online Behavioural Advertising (OBA), looking at the consumer and business angle. From a consumer viewpoint, the panel will aim to "demystify" OBA, explaining what it is (and is not) and how it can (or cannot) affect privacy. From a business viewpoint, the panel will address the economic benefits of OBA but also the legal pitfalls and regulatory obstacles it faces.

The panel will analyse how the constitutive elements of OBA are regulated at EU level (including profiling, cookies and direct marketing), what the key compliance issues are as well as discuss some of the recent self-regulatory initiatives (e.g. the Interactive Advertising Bureau's European Self-regulation for OBA).

The panel will also look at the impact of the upcoming Regulation, especially with the strengthened data subject rights, the principle of ban on profiling and the reinforced rules on consent.

- Is the processing of personal data in the context of OBA different from any other form of processing?
- Does OBA warrant the application of specific rules or is it already adequately regulated by the existing ones?
- Is there a place for self-regulation in the OBA industry or should strict legal requirements be imposed on all actors involved?
- What would be the impact of the adoption of the data protection reform on OBA?

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Tanguy Van Overstraeten, Linklaters (BE) (tbc)

### Panellists::

\*Walter van Holst, Independent privacy lawyer (NL)

\*Anna Buchta, EDPS (EU)

\*Industry representative (tbd)

\*4th speaker (tbd)

### 15.15 - coffee break

# 15:30 – COMPARATIVE RESEARCH ON CONSUMER PRIVACY ATTITUDES AND KNOWLEDGE organised by the Samuelson Clinic, University of California Berkeley

Academics in the US and Europe have initiated survey research projects to better define individuals' understanding of information privacy concepts, attitudes toward privacy and knowledge about privacy rules. These inquiries are important because "privacy" is interpreted differently across cultures, and is implemented according to differing methods, and with different levels of intensity. In the US, survey research is important in part because consumer attitudes are sometimes evaluated through the lens of the "reasonable expectation of privacy" test.

Survey research can be a powerful tool for evaluating theoretical assumptions about privacy, understanding of, and attitudes toward, the substantive coverage of privacy laws and knowledge of the default rules embedded in local privacy law. In this panel, academics from the US and Europe will give overviews of their own, and other, representative survey research of consumers concerning information privacy and will discuss approaches for comparing results and undertaking further comparative work.

- What has research helped up understand about the contours of privacy attitudes and knowledge?
  - Are there sub-populations with different privacy attitudes? What might underpin these different attitudes?
  - Where do American and European attitudes on privacy converge and diverge?
  - What are the advantages and disadvantages of different methods of assessing privacy attitudes and knowledge?

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Frederik Zuiderveen Borgesius, Institute for Information Law (IVIR) (NL)

#### Panellists:

\*Jennifer M. Urban, UC Berkeley, (US)

\*Chris Jay Hoofnagle, UC Berkeley (US)

\*Anne Fleur Van Veenstra, Delft University of Technology/TNO (NL)

\*Sabine Trepte, Hamburg media school (DE)

### 16:45 - USER-CENTERED DATA ECOSYSTEMS organised by CPDP

A confluence of technology evolution, changing social norms, and economic pressures has transformed a data-scarce world to one where data is ubiquitously and continuously generated. Big data and its associated analytics create new growth but also increase concerns about risks to individuals. Although users express a desire to control access and use of their data, very few actually do – there is little understanding today of user attitudes and behaviours regarding the management of personal data. The panel will consider how users think about their data, how they define context, what variables impact their sensitivity towards sharing data, how this can help to define more flexible and user-friendly policies, the role technology can play in enabling and reinforcing user preferences and how a policy framework can provide the appropriate protection.

- 1. How can these insights be leveraged to empower and motivate users to more actively manage their digital lives?
- 2. How can additional research in these areas motivate new thinking for policy frameworks and legislative and non-legislative initiatives that enable sustainable user-centered data ecosystems by balancing economic growth with user needs?
- What are some potential approaches for such policy and regulatory frameworks?

Chair: Cornelia Kutterer, Microsoft (BE)

Moderator: Christopher Millard, Queen Mary University of London (UK)

Panellists: : tbd

\*Alfred Kobsa, University of California, Irvine (US)

\*tbd

\*tbd

18:00 - Cocktail sponsored by Electronic Privacy Information Centre

### Petite Halle

### 8.45 - DEMONSTRATING ACCOUNTABILITY - TRUST BUT SELF-VERIFY? organised by CPDP

The Russian proverb, "doveryai no proveryai" (trust, but verify) was made popular in North America by Ronald Reagan in the late 1980's during the time of the Cold War.

The recently revised OECD Privacy Guidelines contain a new Implementing Accountability section. Article 22 of the proposed EU Regulation, as recently amended by the LIBE Committee, refers to the "Responsibility and accountability of the controller." The participants on this panel will discuss traditional

verification frameworks and compare this with newer self-verification schemes. The following topics will be discussed:

- What is Demonstrating Accountability in the context of the changing landscape?
- · What is the impact on organizations and regulators?
- Can an organisation report directly to an enforcement authority without some form of 3rd-party verification?
- · Will self-verification be sufficient?
- Would self-verification be better than 3rd-party verification?
- · What are the challenges?

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Siani Pearson, Hewlett Packard (UK) (tbc)

- \* Karinna Neumann, Nymity (CA),
- \* Wim Nauwelaerts, Hunton & Williams (BE)
- \* Nicolas Dubois, EC (EU)
- \* Representative from a DPA
- \* Representative of EDPS

10:00 - coffee break

### 10.30 - UNLOCKING THE POTENTIAL OF AUDIT LOGS organised by CPDP

Audit logs today are primarily used forensically. Data is stolen or otherwise misused and the breach appears on the front page of a major newspaper, at which point engineers are tasked with digging through reams of highly complex audit log data to piece together the incident. The use of big data analytics on audit log data can vastly increase the value of this information for both security and privacy purposes. This panel will discuss these potential uses for audit log data, including proactive monitoring of system use, the development of better informed data handling policy, the production of oversight and public-facing materials to demonstrate policy compliance, and the overall evaluation of data system efficacy (e.g., ratio of false positives to actionable conclusions in an analytics program). The panel will also discuss technological and policy challenges to implementing these new uses.

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Tal Zarsky, University of Haifa (IL)

### Panellists:

- \* Courtney Bowman, Palantir (US)
- \* representative of Deloitte
- \* Data Protection Authority representative
- \* Representative of an organization that uses auditing extensively or academic

### 11.45 ACCOUNTABILITY IN FUTURE INTERNET SERVICE ENVIRONMENTS organised by A4 Cloud

The panel is organised by the Cloud Accountability (A4Cloud) project, which is a collaborative research project co-funded under the European Commission's FP7 (Seventh Framework Programme) ICT Work Programme 2011 (FP7-ICT-2011-8) - see www.a4cloud.eu. The topic of discussion in this panel is accountability mechanisms related to data protection regulation. The focus of discussion will be around the role of accountability in protection of personal information, particularly in complex service provision ecosystems. The cloud will be considered as an interesting case study to explore accountability of the custodians of user data towards cloud users, data subjects and regulators. Discussion points include:

- The relationship between transparency, accountability and privacy
- Different perspectives of accountability (including legal, technical and socio-economic aspects)
- · Mechanisms and approaches for enhancing accountability
- · Accountability in cloud and complex service provision environments

Chair: Ronald Leenes, TILT (NL)

Moderator: tbd

Panellists:

\*Massimo Attoresi, European Data Protection Supervisor (EU) (tbc)

\*Christopher Millard, Queen Mary University of London (UK)

\*tbd

\*tbd

13.00 - lunch break

# 14:00 – PRIVACY V. SURVEILLACE IN PUBLIC SPACES: ESSENTIAL TOOLS FOR A FAIR BALANCE organised by CRIDS and the PARIS Project

The search for a fair balance between privacy and other competing interests, in particular security-related interests is an on-going issue. Various initiatives, at various levels translate a search for tools and methods aimed at helping to, accompany and frame the decision making process for the implementation of surveillance measures (EU lawmaking tools, Impact Assessments, fundamental rights checklists). When implemented in public spaces, the deployment of such measures raise specific issues in relation to the scope of privacy of individuals, the suitability of public policy and the legitimacy of the decision making process leading to the implementation of surveillance systems in public spaces (and less often, to the abandoning of the project). At the level of operators, there is an increasing and urgent need to frame the decision making process. The integration in the proposed EU Regulation of obligations for controllers to carry out data protection impact assessments, or the requirement to take privacy concerns into account at early stage of the development of new technologies (privacy by design) are examples of the way the law comes to propose methodological tools to achieve balance. This panel discusses the essential ingredients that require further development or implementation to frame the extremely difficult task of properly balancing the right to privacy of individuals with public surveillance projects.

Chair: Cécile de Terwangne, CRIDs University of Namur (BE)

Moderator: Lillie Coney (US) (invited)

Panellists::

Fred Carter, Ontario Information and Privacy Commissioner's Office (CA)

Fanny Coudert, ICRI Katholieke Universiteit Leuven (BE) Frank Dumortier, CRIDs University of Namur (BE) François Thoreau, CRIDs University of Namur (BE) (tbc)

15.15 - coffee break

15:30 - BIOMETRICS IN INDIA organised by CPDP

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Gus Hosein, Privacy International (UK)

### Panellists:

\*Malavika Jayaram, Jayaram & Jayaram law firm /Berkman Centre Harvard (IN/US)

\*Sunil Abraham, Centre for Internet & Society (IN)

\*Travis Hall, New York University (US) (tbc)

\*tbc

16.45 - PRIVACY PRACTICES IN BIOMETRICS organised by Fraunhofer Institute

Chair: Michael Friedewald, Fraunhofer Institute for Systems and Innovation Research (Fraunhofer ISI) (DE)

Moderator: tbd

### Panellists:

\* Els Kindt, ICRI (BE)

\* Frank Pallas, TÜ Berlin/Karlsruhe Institut für Technologie (DE)

\* Stefan Weber Ubin AG (DE) (tbc)

\* tbd

### La Cave

# 8.45 - PROMOTING CO-OPERATION ON DATA TRANSFER SYSTEMS BETWEEN EUROPE AND THE ASIA-PACIFIC organised by CPDP & supported by PHAEDRA & KOREA UNIVERSITY (tbc)

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Noriswadi Ismail, Quotient Consulting (UK)

### Panellists: :

\*Nohyoung Park, Korea University (KR) (tbc)

\*Blair Stewart, Office of the New Zealand Privacy Commisioner (NZ) (tbc)

\*Abu Bakar Munir, University of Malaysia (MY) (tbc)

10.00 - coffee break

# 10.30 - INFORMED CONSENT AT ITS LIMITS - AN INTERDISCIPLINARY PERSPECTIVE organised by University of Münster

The panel focuses on questions surrounding the discussion on the "informed consent" requirement in online environments. One key element of the data protection reform package refers to the strengthening of the rights of individuals by empowering them to give "explicit and informed" consent to the processing of personal data. We agree that active consent is needed, but we doubt that it is best achieved "by ticking a box when visiting an Internet website" (recital 25 of the proposal for a data protection regulation). The panel focuses, first, on the discussion of consent in the online-environment. Second, possible solutions to the above mentioned "active participation-deficit" are discussed.

Chair: Franziska Boehm, University of Münster (DE)

Moderator: Roger Brownsword Kings College London (UK)

### Panellists: :

\*Rainer Böhme, University of Münster (DE)

\*Meike Kamp, Berlin Commissioner for Data Protection and Freedom of Information (DE)

\*Eleni Kosta, University of Tilburg (NL)

\*Representative EDPS

# 11.45 - NUDGING INTERNET CITIZENS: LESSONS FROM BEHAVIOURAL STUDIES ON ONLINE PRIVACY organised by the Joint Research Centre of the European Commission, Institute for Prospective Technology Studies

Behaviourally informed approaches to regulatory problems have been demonstrated to be particularly effective in attaining concrete policy objectives. The use of nudges to change behaviour is particularly promising.

European policy-making is increasingly relying on behavioural studies and methods for better decision making: these methods can be applied also to the Information Society area. Understanding why Internet users behave in certain ways can help to enhance the effectiveness of specific policies. Behaviourally informed regulation seems particularly apt at raising privacy awareness and promoting privacy-protective behaviours. Nevertheless, the use of nudges in regulatory contexts also raises problems and issues, such as users' decision autonomy, perceptions of being monitored and paternalism.

This panel explores the potential benefits, as well as the challenges and limitations, of the application of behavioural methods in the area of privacy. It will pay special attention to the use of privacy nudges, interactive notices and gamification techniques.

Building on existing behavioural studies and experiments, this panel will address in particular the following issues:

- What kind of nudges should be implemented as mechanisms for improving privacy policies in different online scenarios?
- What are the main limitations of privacy behavioural experiments?
- What are the pros and cons of specific design interventions, e.g., privacy nudges and other 'persuasive technologies for behaviour change'?

- Should privacy nudges be considered indispensable tools for implementing transparency and privacy by design principles (See Data Protection Draft Regulation)?
- To what extent are some forms of paternalism inevitable? Can we identify moments and spaces of everyday life where nudging and gamification are opportune and where they are not?

Chair: Gabriele Esposito, EC JRC-IPTS (SP)

Moderator: Norberto Andrade, University of California, Berkeley (US)

#### Panellists::

- \*Alessandro Acquisti, Carnegie Mellon (US)
- \*Dorothea Kübler, Berlin Social Science Centre (DE)
- \*Pam Briggs, Northumbria University (UK)
- \*Shara Monteleoni, JRC-IPTS (SP)

13.00 - lunch break

# 14.00 - (DISTRIBUTIVE) JUSTICE VS. PRIVACY - THE UNEASY TRADEOFF IN COPYRIGHT DEBATES organised by the Institute for Information Law (IVIR)

Various Alternative Compensation Schemes legalizing and monetizing private, non-profit and currently infringing online uses of copyrighted works have been proposed as alternatives to enhanced enforcement and widespread infringement. At first glance such solutions could end the debate among privacy advocates and those who ask for more effective online enforcement.

But on a second look, there is a nasty trade-off present in this positive agenda. ACS have to offer distributive justice; they have to ensure that each rights holder gets her fair share of monies. But accounting for works at the end of the long tail would require a complete monitoring of all internet traffic, 24/7.

Developments in technology and the shift towards digital marketplaces enable us to move towards more equitable distribution models. With this panel we hope to explore just how far we should go.

- Where is the balance between fair remuneration and the privacy of users? Is that balance different from what is proposed (by courts and legislators and stakeholders) in the case of enforcement?
- Is technological development a reason to update the data acquisition techniques and distribution models currently in use at CMOs? What are the privacy limitations of such and upgrade?
- If fair distribution is technologically feasible, is there a reason not to remunerate the use of each and
  every work in existence? Are there reasons to exclude certain copyrighted works or authors from the
  remuneration system? Is privacy such a reason?
- What are the implications of a system of metered culture to various legal/policy fields?

Chair: tbd

Moderator: Balázs Bodó, IViR (NL)

### Panellists:

- \*Erwin Angad-Gaur, Dutch musicians' union NTB (NL)
- \*Peter Bradwell, Open Rights Group (UK)
- \*Philippe Laurent, Marx Van Ranst Vermeersch & Partners (BE)
- \*Michael Weller, Cultural Commons Collecting Society (DE)
- \*Kristina Irion, IViR (NL)

### 15:15 - coffee break

# 15.30 - THE VALUE (OR MONETISATION) OF PERSONAL DATA IN THE ERA OF BIG DATA organised by Digital Enlightenment Forum

- · How are personal data currently being valued or monetised and what does it mean for Big Data?
- · Which are the drawbacks and difficulties of monetisation of Big Data?
- How relevant is the emergence of Big Data in relation to valorisation of personal data?
- How does the trading of personal data and the handling of Big Data fit with the proposed General Data protection Regulation?

 How does personal data management and Big Data use fit with the US legal framework on privacy and data protection?

Chair: Jacques Bus, Digital Enlightenment Forum (NL)

Moderator: Dennis Hirsch, Capital University Law School (US)

#### Panellists:

- \*Joerg Hladjk, Hunton & Williams (BE)
- \*Kieron A'Hara, University of Southampton (UK)
- \*Michael Donohue, OECD (FR)
- \*Jacqui Taylor, FlyingBinary (UK)

# 16.45 - ENFORCING NEW LATIN AMERICAN DATA PROTECTION LEGISLATION: DIFFICULTIES AND CHALLENGES organised by CPDP

In recent years, Latin America has shown extraordinary development in data protection regimes. Today, there are already data protection laws in Mexico, Colombia, Costa Rica, Peru, Nicaragua, Uruguay and Argentina and, in addition, these latter two countries, have been recognized by the European Commission as "adequate regimes" of data protection. Even Uruguay has acceded to Convention 108 of the Council of Europe. However, this amazing legislative evolution is not without doubts and questions raised by various sectors of industry on the applicability of regulatory provisions to Latin American business and society. This panel will help to clarify many of these uncertainties.

- Which are main difficulties for the industry to comply with national Data Protection laws?
- Which are the regional specificities that national Data Protection laws have (or not) taken into account?
- How efficient are the strategies of DPAs to enforce national Data Protection laws?
- How does society react after the entering into force of new Data Protection laws?

Chair: Artemi Rallo, Jaume I University (SP)

Moderator: Maria Veronica Perez Asianri, EDPS (EU)

### Panellists:

- \*Gustavo Valbuena Quiñones, Valbuena, Gamboa, Garcia, Cardona. De la Rosa (VGCD) Abogados (CO)
- \*Pedro Less Andrade, Google Latin-America (AR)
- \*Cristos Velasco, ProtDataMx (MX)
- \*Laura Juanes Micas, Yahoo! Latin-America (US)

### Maison des Arts 1

# 08.45 - REGULATING AUTOMATED DECISION MAKING: A CASE FOR EVIDENCE-BASED POLICY-MAKING IN PRIVACY AND SURVEILLANCE organised by SMART and RESPECT projects

Automated recognition of individuals and/or pre-determined traits or risk factors/criteria is increasingly the basis of surveillance systems using new technologies. While current (and proposed) EU legislation explicitly prohibit automated decision-taking regarding individuals unless "authorised by a law which also lays down measures to safeguard the data subject's legitimate interests" (art 7, CFD 2008/977/JHA), there are currently no laws laying down any such measures. Reflecting on the findings of the SMART and RESPECT projects, the panel will discuss ways how policy makers can address the current gaps in the regulation.

Chair: Joel Sollier, Interpol (INT)

Moderator: tbd

### Panellists::

- \*Nikolaus Forgo, Leibniz University Hannover (DE)
- \*Caroline Goemans-Dorny, Interpol (INT)
- \*Bogdan Manolea, Association for Technology and Internet (RO)
- \*Andrej Savin, Copenhagen Business School (DK)

#### 10:00 - coffee break

10:30 - SECURITY AND PRIVACY: BEYOND THE TRADE OFF MODEL organised by PRISMS, PACT and SurPRISE project

The relation between Security and Privacy is often conceived in terms of a trade-off: more security necessarily comes at the cost of privacy, and vice versa; and policy or technology choices are therefore presented as requiring striking a 'balance' between these two competing values. On the other hand, counter discourses seem to consider it a moot point that this idea is fundamentally wrong. The flawed nature of the trade-off model, or metaphor, is, for example, one of the basic premises of three currently executed FP7-Security projects: PRISMS, SURPRISE, and PACT, all three of which are involved in studying the relation between security (technologies) and privacy, and the public perception thereof. In this panel, the presenters, among whom representatives of the three projects mentioned, are asked to bring some more nuance to this issue, and discuss the model's persistence, limitations, function, performativity, as well as its potential alternatives, based on empirical findings produced so far.

Chair: Irma van der Ploeg, Zuyd University (NL)

Moderator: Roger Clarke, Australian National University (AU)

#### Panellists:

- \*Representative from Surprise
- \*Representative from PACT
- \*Representative from PRISMS

\*tbd

### 11.45 - PRIVACY IN THE AGE OF PREEMPTIVE SECURITY organised by the SAFE project

In the context of security threats that are conceived to be largely unpredictable but potentially catastrophic, security practice increasingly aims to mine and analyse data in order to preempt future threats. Concrete examples include risk-based schemes to identify suspect travelers and abnormal financial transactions through large-scale datamining programmes of PNR records and SWIFT transactions. This panel addresses the challenges that data-driven preemptive security practices pose for the philosophy and legal practice of rights to privacy. Although traditional questions concerning collection, storage and security of data remain of critical importance in relation to preemptive security, these are complemented by novel questions on how data are analysed, moved from commercial domains to security settings, and (re)combined with other data fragments in order to enable security decisions. The discussion will be a dialogue between researchers from different disciplines – including law and the social sciences and practitioners who confront there new relationships between privacy and anticipatory security.

Chair: Marieke de Goede, University of Amsterdam (NL)

Moderator: Tugba Basaran, University of Kent in Brussels (BE) (tbc)

### Panellists:

\*Valsamis Mitsilegas, Queen Mary University of London (UK)

\*Louise Amoore, Durham University (UK)

\*Rocco Bellanova, Université St Louis/Peace Research Institute Oslo (BE/NO)

\*Quirine Eijkman, Leiden University (NL)

\*Daniel Drewer, Europol (NL)

13.00 - lunch break

**14.00 - AUTOMATIC NUMBER PLATE RECOGNITION** organised by the Centre for Research into Information Surveillance and Privacy & CPDP

Chair: Kirstie Ball, Open University (UK)

Moderator: Mathias Vermeulen, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

Panel:

- \*William Webster, University of Strathclyde (UK)
- \*Willem Debeuckelaere, Belgian privacy commission (BE)
- \*Ad Hellemons, Netherlands Police Agency (NL)
- \*Nick Pickles, Big Brother Watch (UK)

### 15.15 coffee break

### 15.30 - WORKPLACE PRIVACY

Chair: Kurt Pärli (ZHAW, School of Management and Law)

Moderator: Stefan Verschuere, Vice President, Belgian Privacy Commission (BE) tbc

#### Panel:

- \*union representative
- \*employers representative
- \*Nadja Hirsch (EP Committee on Employment and Social Affairs FDP/ALDE)
- \*Evelyn Regner (EP Committee on Employment and Social Affairs SPÖ/S&D)

### 16.45 - ACADEMIC SESSIONS

18.00 - 20.00 - ACADEMIC SESSIONS (TOPICAL DEBATE FORMAT)

# Day 3 - FRIDAY 24TH JANUARY 2014

### Grande Halle

08.45 INFORMATION POSITIONS FOR LAW ENFORCEMENT, CYBER SECURITY AND PRIVACY organised by the Max Planck Institute

Chair: Els De Busser, Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law (DE) (tbc)

Moderator: tbd

### Panellists:

- \*Cecilia Verkleij, DG HOME (EU) (tbc)
- \*Alexander Seger, Council of Europe (INT) (tbc)
- \*Achim Klabunde, EDPS (EU)
- \*Ulrich Sieber, Max Planck Institute for Foreign and International Criminal Law (DE)

### 10.00 - coffee break

10:30 DEMOCRACY, SURVEILLANCE AND INTELLIGENCE AGENCIES (TBD) organised by CPDP and the University of Passau

Chair: Gerrit Hornung, University of Passau (DE)

Moderator: Caspar Bowden, Independent Privacy Advocate (FR)

### Panellists:

- \*Wolfgang Hoffmann-Riem, University of Hamburg (DE)
- \*Constanze Kurz, Chaos Computer Club (DE)
- \*Peter Swire, (US) (tbc)

# 11.45 OPEN SOURCE SURVEILLANCE AND ONLINE PRIVACY organised by NGO Coalition (Panoptykon, Privacy International, Bits of Freedom)

In the last decade, counter-terrorism and crime prevention measures have created a by-product of mass surveillance, while the digital natives generation share their personal information online on an unprecedented scale, and much of it is publicly available. As a result, authorities can dig for information and survey people without the need of a search or arrest warrant. Police can collect, analyse and combine publicly available information from different sources. This is helped by various legal and social factors such as incomprehensible privacy policies, complex privacy settings on websites, poor data retention rules, or voluntary sharing by social networks. Such surveillance can result in profiling people, and branding them as "dangerous". This panel will discuss emerging trends in open source surveillance, technological possibilities, adequacy of legal safeguards, as well as elaborate on how to achieve the right balance between crime prevention and preservation of the right to privacy.

- · Legal frameworks, current and in development, to control open source surveillance
- Necessity and proportionality tests for such surveillance
- · Existing safeguards, if any, against abuse of this data
- Recommendations for future policy in this area

Chair: Janneke Sloetjes, Bits of Freedom (NL)

Moderator: Katarzyna Szymielewicz, Panoptykon (PL)

### Panellists::

\*Ian Readhead, UK Association of Chief Police Officers (UK)

\*Eric King, Privacy International (UK)

\*Richard Allen, Facebook (UK)

\*Jan Derkacz, AGH University of Science and Technology (PL)

13.00 - lunch break

### 14.00 - GOVERNMENT ACCESS TO THE CLOUD organised by the University of Maine

Is the cloud a tool for digital empowerment or an opportunity for governments to obtain greater access to sensitive personal data? Governments are forming policy responses to the rapid accumulation of data in the cloud, balancing considerations of privacy, data security, law enforcement and national security. Businesses are often caught in a bind, required on the one hand to protect individuals' privacy and on the other hand to comply with government requests for data, sometimes originating from foreign jurisdictions. This panel will seek to assess the vulnerability of the cloud to government access, addressing issues such as:Differences and commonalities across legal systems; the declining 'wall' between national security and other uses; businesses' incentives to collaborate with government requests; and the gap between the law on the books and the reality on the ground (or, rather, "in the cloud").

- Lessons from NSA revelations for ability to secure and protect data on cloud.
- Formal and informal collaboration between government and private sector.
- The effects on business, competition and cross border data flows.

Chair: Omer Tene, International Association of Privacy Professionals (IL)

Moderator: Marit Hansen (DE) (tbc)

### Panellists:

\*Jean Gonie, Microsoft Research (BE)

\*Ian Walden, Queen Mary University of London (UK)

\*Bryan Cunningham, Palantir (US)

\*Joris van Hoboken, University of Amsterdam (NL)

15.15 - coffee break

### 15.30 - THE EU REPSONSE TO PRISM (TBC) organised by CPDP & EDPS

Chair: Willem Debeuckelaere, Belgian Privacy Commision (BE)

Moderator: Giovanni Butarelli, EDPS (EU)

#### Panellists: :

- \*Representative of DG Home Affairs (EU)
- \*Caspar Bowden, Independent Privacy Advocate (FR)
- \*Representative of EP LIBE Committee Inquiry on Electronic Mass Surveillance of EU Citizens
- \*Representative of US government
- \*Martin Scheinin, EUI (IT)

### 16.45 - CONCLUDING NOTES BY PETER HUSTINX (European Data Protection Supervisor)

Petite Halle - Closed

La Cave

# 08.45 - POSTMORTEM PRIVACY: EXPLORING DECEASED'S PRIVACY IN A DIGITAL WORLD organised by the Centre for Creativity, Regulation, Enterprise & Technology (CREATE)

This panel explores the issues surrounding post mortem privacy (PMP): privacy of the deceased in the digital realm. This concept has only recently become a subject of concern in various disciplines, including law, sociology, psychology, computer sciences, anthropology, and forensics. The panel aims to tackle and explain how the competing privacy interests of the deceased, bereaved family, heirs and society should be dealt with following death. It will assess and question the value and importance of the various aspects of privacy in digital remains from personal interest and public interest perspectives. Panellists, drawn from a diverse range of disciplines and interests, will explore the challenges posed to the values and aspects of privacy by our interactions with digital technology and post-death phenomena, specifically digital legacy, inheritance, identity, property, mourning and the repurposing or further uses of digital remains.

This interdisciplinary panel envisages tackling the following PMP-related challenges:

- \* The bequest, inheritance and repurposing of personal data (such as emails, photos and social network site interactions) in the context of the death of technology users;
- \* Technologically-mediated mourning and memorialisation and posthumously maintained bonds with the dead:
- \* Comparative legal issues related to the phenomenon of PMP (personality, data protection, copyright);
- \* PMP themes relating to the interests of victims experienced in global disasters, whether survivors, the deceased or next-of-kin.

Chair: Michael Birnhack, Tel Aviv University (IL)

Moderator: Irina Baraliuc, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

### Panellists:

- \*Jan Bikker, University of Dundee (UK)
- \*Edina Harbinja, University of Strathclyde (UK)
- \*Elaine Kasket, British Psychological Society (UK)
- \*Damien McCallig, Galway University Ireland (IE)
- \*Wendy Moncur, University of Dundee (UK)

10.00 - coffee break

# 10.30 - ONLINE CHILDREN'S PRIVACY: A CASE FOR HARD OR SOFT LAW Organised by Leiden University

What does the children's right to privacy entail in a digital environment? How effective will the dp regulation be? Is this the way to go? How effective is self-regulation (e.g. safer social networking principles)? What can we learn from coppa/do not track kids act? Should we prohibit profiling of kids? Should we regulate marketing as part of a kid's privacy (or at least make it part of the debate)? How does online marketing relate to the child rights to privacy, information, education and play?

Chair: Simone van der Hof, University of Leiden (NL)

Moderator: Anna Fielder, Privacy Interenational (UK)

Panellists::

\*Elisabeth Staksrud, University of Oslo (NO)

\*Joe McNamee, European Digital Rights (BE)

\*Bibi van den Berg, Leiden University) (NL)

\*Irma van der Ploeg, Zuyd University) (NL)

# 11:45 - SMART METERING AND THE SMART GRID: WHAT ABOUT PRIVACY organised by the Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam

The European Union is strongly pushing the introduction of smart meters and the smart grid. Smart meters should within the next 5 to 10 years replace most existing electricity monitoring systems. These meters are physically within the private sphere of the home, but connected and approachable from a distance. This by itself questions how technology should be developed to respect the privacy of the home. In addition, smart meters might become more than a metering system, and turn into a crucial building block of future Internet: The Internet of Things. The aim of the panel is by discussing the issues from different perspectives (technology, privacy, energy sector) to strike a balance between technological opportunities and protection of fundamental rights, in particular privacy.

\* What functionalities of smart meters are needed for the smart grid to work?

- \* What technologies could facilitate real negotiations on the smart grid?
- \* How to balance technical functionality, energy profits and privacy?

\* Smart grid and smart meters: data protection and/or privacy?

Chair: Arno Lodder, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam (NL)

Moderator: tbd

### Panellists:

\*Tijmen Wisman, Vrije Universiteit Amsterdam (NL)

\*Jochem Douw, TU Delft, (NL)

\*Raphaël Gellert, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE) (tbc)

\*Alessia Tanas, Vrije Universiteit Brussel (BE)

13.00 - lunch break

14:00 - FIGHT AGAINST CHILD SEXUAL ABUSE ONLINE: HOW TO PROTECT PRIVACY RIGHTS AND IDENTIFY AUTHORS AND VICTIMS OF SUCH CRIME organised by the Joint Research Centre of the European Commission

The fight against Child Sexual Abuse (CSA) online is supported by various technologies like video analytics, web filtering, hash function, etc. The first step of this fight is prevention which is implemented through filtering, blocking and ultimately removal of Child Sexual Abuse Content. It requires an accurate analysis of the content at stake in order to not blocking and removing materials not related to CSA. The huge volume of audio-visual data collected in the frame of an investigation need to be analysed in order to extract court-proof forensic digital evidence. Indeed, like for any other crime, prosecution of CSA requires the identification of the perpetrators and the victims.

Directive 2011/92/EU on combating the sexual abuse and sexual exploitation of children and child pornography and its articles 15.4 and 25 has provided a legal framework for these two actions to be implemented.

However, the supportive techniques of prevention and prosecution can also in certain circumstances challenge privacy and data protection rights of data subjects who have nothing to do with the crime itself. Some of these techniques can also be seen as dual use techniques i.e providing real benefits for the fight against CSA or offer very privacy invasive capability for profiling.

The aim of this session is threefold:

- Present some of the main technologies used for this fight,
- Identify the possible issues regarding the respect of privacy and data protection rights
- Promote solutions which will simultaneously apply privacy by design principle and will offer enhanced results in the fight against CSA.

Chair: Laurent Beslay, Joint Research Centre (EU)

Moderator: Claire Levallois Barth, Institute Mines Télécom (FR)

#### Panellists:

\*Riccardo Satta, Joint Research Centre (EU)

\*Jean Dominique Nollet, EUROPOL, R&D unit (EU)

\*Christian Berg, Netclean (SE)

\*Ralf-Philipp Weinmann (tbc)

#### 15:15 - coffee break

# 15:30 - PRIVACY-INTRUSIVE SPEECH: ONLINE SOCIAL NETWORKS AS GATEKEEPERS? Organised by: the SPION project, the Interdisciplinary Centre for Law & ICT (ICRI) and iMinds.

Online Social Networks (OSN) enable individuals to share information not only about themselves, but also about others. Where such speech is deemed privacy-intrusive, the individuals concerned may want to turn to the OSN provider for help.

This panel will explore whether OSN providers have a duty to accommodate removal requests directed towards user-generated content.

The panellists will approach this topic from the perspective of privacy and data protection (right to object/delete/to be forgotten), freedom of expression and intermediary liability (hosting, notice & takedown).

- Are OSNs required to consider data subject requests concerning user-generated content?
- Should OSNs play a role in mediating privacy disputes? Or should such matters be resolved exclusively by public authorities?
- If OSNs are to play a role, how significant are the risks of interference with freedom of expression? Are there ways to mitigate these risks?
- What practical and legal issues does the proposed 'right to be forgotten' present in the context of online social networks?

Chair: Brendan Van Alsenoy, ICRI Katholieke Universiteit Leuven (BE)

Moderator: Ann Mennens, B-CCENTRE (BE)

#### Panellists:

\*Uta Kohl, Aberystwyth University (UK)

\*Seda Gürses, New York University (US)

\*David Erdos, University of Oxford (UK)

\*Augustin Puente, Data Protection Authority (SP)

### Maison des Arts

# 8.45 - OPEN DATA AND DATA PROTECTION: PROBLEMS AND PERSPECTIVES organised by the University of Turin

The Open data debate focuses, most of the time, on the factors on which such openness depends, much as the principles that are endorsed by disclosing information. Therefore, the availability of public, as opposed to personal, data is presented as a crucial condition for citizens exerting their civil rights, governments legitimizing their political choices, or businesses exploiting raw material and new resources for the creation of value-added information products. However, this information should be deemed as "personal data" in several cases and what is more, scholars often consider both privacy and data protection as if they were opposed to openness in a "zero-sum game." The aim of this panel is thus to examine today's legal framework and the technical means that may enable the lawful access and reuse of personal data, so as to strengthen the informational openness which goes hand in hand with the principles that make transparency good.

- What principles are at stake by restricting or disclosing information?
- · Are open data and data protection opposed in a "zero-sum game"?
- · What technical means can enable the lawful access and reuse of personal data?
- How should we grasp the impact of IP laws in this context?

Chair: Danièle Bourcier, Cersa (FR)

Moderator: Ugo Pagallo, University of Torino (IT)

### Panellists: :

\*Núria Casellas (tbc)

\*Marco Ricolfi, University of Torino (IT)

\*Luciano Floridi, University of Oxford (UK)

# DAY EVENT ROMA EMPOWERMENT IN THE DIGITAL ERA- ABOUT THE ROLE AND RELEVANCE OF IDENTITY, DATA COLLECTION AND TECHNOLOGY IN THE ADVANCEMENT OF ROMA RIGHTS

### 10.30 OPENING SPEECH

Ilona Negro, European Commission DG Justice Unit D4 Non-discrimination Policies and Roma coordination (EU)

### 10.45 ROMA IDENTITY

The panel will explore whether and if so, how, the Roma are identified across the European Union. Speakers will look into identity debates, benefits and risks of adjudicating Roma identity, and the relevance and role of legal frameworks.

Chair: Eva Brems, University of Ghent (BE)

### Panellists:

- \* Elspeth Guild, University of Nijmegen (NL)
- \* Julie Ringelheim, UCLouvain (BE)
- \* Andras Pap, Central European University (HU)

### 11.45 ROMA EMPOWERMENT AND THE ROLE OF IDENTITY

After looking into the issue of Roma identity, the speakers in this panel will explore how Roma identity can play a role in the empowerment of Roma across borders.

Chair: Ilke Adam, Institute for European Studies (BE)

### Panellists:

- \*Violeta Naydenova and Marina Vasic (tbc), Open Society Foundations (EU)
- \*Gyula Vamosi, Kakosan.com (UK)
- \*Julian Stoian, National School of Political Sciences and Administration (RO

### 13.00 Lunch Break

### 14.00 ETHNIC DATA COLLECTION

This panel will consider why and how the collection of data on ethnicity could strengthen existing nondiscrimination means and measures. Panelists will also refute some of the misconceptions that exist concerning data protection and privacy legislation.

Chair: Daniel Cuypers, Universiteit Antwerpen (BE)

\*Michail Beis, Fundamental Rights Agency (AT)

\*Shannon Pfhoman, ENAR (BE)

\*Corinne Torrekens, Université Libre Belgique (BE)

### 15.15 coffee break

### 15.30 ETHNIC DATA COLLECTION

<sup>\*</sup>Pompeu Casanovas, Universitat Autonoma de Barcelona (ES)

This panel will present a state of play of ethnic data collection practices on Roma in different Member States of the European Union. Due attention will be given to Romania and Belgium.

Chair: Isabelle Rorive, Université Libre de Bruxelles (BE)

### Panellists:

\*Kieran O'Reilly, European Roma Rights Centre (HU)

\*Representative of the Centre for Equal Opportunities and Opposition to Racism

\*Rachel Laget, Kruispunt Migratie-Integratie vzw (BE)

### 16.45 USE OF TECHNOLOGY FOR OR AGAINST ROMA

This panel focuses on how ICT can be used to the self-representation of Roma regarding their interests in the public discourse and to promote a positive perception of Romani ethnic identity. The panel also considers how ICT can be used to the disadvantage of Roma communities.

Chair: Peter Vermeersch, KULeuven (BE)

### Panellists:

\*Gwendolyn Albert, Independent human rights researcher (UK)

\*Gabriela Hrabanova, ERGO (BE)

\*Elisabetta Vivaldi, Bucks New University (US)